



DF-2624

First Year B. Com. (Honours) (Sem. I) Examination
March/April - 2016
Mathematics & Statistics : Paper - I

Time : Hours]

[Total Marks : 50

Instructions :

(1)

नीचे दृष्टावेव निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवडी पर अवश्य लपनी.
Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.

Name of the Examination :
FIRST YEAR B. COM. (HONS.) (SEM. 1)

Name of the Subject :
MATHEMATICS & STATISTICS : PAPER - I

Subject Code No. : 2 6 2 4 Section No. (1, 2,.....): Nil

Seat No. :

Student's Signature

- (2) All the questions are compulsory.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks of the questions.
- (4) Simple calculator can be used.

1.	(a) Evaluate : (i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left[\frac{1}{x-3} - \frac{2}{(x-1)(x-3)} \right]$ (ii) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{2}{n^2} + \frac{3}{n^2} + \dots + \frac{n}{n^2} \right]$	6
	(b) If $y = \log(x + \sqrt{1 + x^2})$, prove that $(1 + x^2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$	4
	(c) If $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 1$ then, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$	3
2.	(a) Evaluate : (i) $\int \frac{3x+4}{6x+7} dx$ (ii) $\int_{-3}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^3} \right) dx$	6
	(b) If the marginal cost of a firm is $2+3\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ and if the fixed cost is 7, then find the total cost.	4
	(c) Evaluate : $\int_1^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	2
3	(a) State the difference between Determinant and Matrix.	3
	(b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, then prove that $A^3 - 6A^2 + 9A - 4I = 0$ Where 0 is null matrix and I is unit matrix,	4

	(c) Solve the following equations by using inverse of a matrix $4x+7y = 13$ $-5x+9z = 55$ $x+y+z = 6$	6
4.	(a) Explain: Symmetric matrix, Unit matrix, Scalar matrix, Minors	4
	(b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, then show that $(A+B)^2 = A^2 + B^2$	4
	(c) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, then show that $(AB)^T = B^T A^T$	4