

**D****DE-2911****First Year B. Sc. (Sem. I) (Medical Technology)
Examination****March / April – 2016****Basic Laboratory Instruments : MT 02**

Time : 2 Hours]

[Total Marks : 50

Instructions :

(1)

નીચે દર્શાવેલ નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. :
Name of the Examination :	<input type="text"/>
FIRST YEAR B. SC. (SEM. I) (MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY)	<input type="text"/>
Name of the Subject :	<input type="text"/>
BASIC LABORATORY INSTRUMENTS : MT 02	<input type="text"/>
Subject Code No. : <input type="text"/> 2 <input type="text"/> 9 <input type="text"/> 1 <input type="text"/> 1	<input type="text"/>
Section No. (1, 2,.....): Nil	<input type="text"/>
	Student's Signature

- (૨) પ્રશ્ન પત્રમાં કુલ ૫૦ પ્રશ્નો છે, બધાજ ફરજિયાત છે. દરેક પ્રશ્નનો (૧) એક ગુણ છે.
- (2) There are 50 questions each question carries one (1) mark and all are compulsory.
- (૩) દરેક પ્રશ્નનો કાળજીપૂર્વક અભ્યાસ કરી સાચો વિકલ્પ પસંદ કરો.
- (3) Read the question carefully before selecting the correct option.
- (૪) બધા જ પ્રશ્નો ફરજિયાત છે.
- (4) All questions are compulsory.

***O.M.R. Sheet ભરવા અંગેની અગત્યની સૂચનાઓ આપેલ
O.M.R. Sheet-ની પાછળ છાપેલ છે.
Important instructions to fillup O.M.R. Sheet
is given back side of provided O.M.R. Sheet.***

- 1 In Stainless steel Water Distillation Apparatus, collected steam is cooled by
 - (A) Cooling coil
 - (B) Heating Coil
 - (C) None of these
 - (D) Condenser
- 2 Monocular Microscope refers to
 - (A) Microscope with only one objective Lens
 - (B) Microscope with camera
 - (C) Microscope with Two ocular and one objective lens
 - (D) Microscope with one ocular lens
- 3 Colorimetric determination can be carried out, if solution is
 - (A) Colored
 - (B) Fluorescent
 - (C) Having precipitate
 - (D) Colorless
- 4 In Calomel Electrode, which of the metal or metal salt is used?

(A) Lead	(B) Chromium
(C) Nickel	(D) Mercury
- 5 _____ first described about units of pH.

(A) Sorensen	(B) Pasteur
(C) Newton	(D) Robert Koch
- 6 What should not be selection criteria, while selecting the centrifuge?
 - (A) Total number of buckets to hold tubes
 - (B) Maximum RCF obtained
 - (C) Total cost and color of Centrifuge
 - (D) Type of Rotor
- 7 $RCF = R \times (RPM)^2 \times 118 \times 10^{-7}$; Here, meaning of "R"?
 - (A) Radius of Centrifuge
 - (B) Radius Centrifuge Tube
 - (C) None of these
 - (D) Radius of Rotor
- 8 When a ray of light passes from one medium to another medium, it bent at the surface, this phenomena is known as

(A) Frequency	(B) Bending
(C) Amplitude	(D) Refraction
- 9 What is true about Monopan Balance?
 - (A) Used to weigh only Solids
 - (B) Having Single pan
 - (C) None of these
 - (D) Used to weigh only Liquids
- 10 A common balance is used to find out the _____ of a substance by comparing it with known masses.
 - (A) Molecular size
 - (B) Horizontal Balance
 - (C) Mass
 - (D) Molecular Weight

- 11 Maximum displacement of the wave in Upper direction from the position of equilibrium is called as
 (A) Wave length
 (B) Though
 (C) Crest
 (D) Wave diameter
- 12 Following (A, B, C, D, E, F) are the steps of operation of COLORIMETER. Arrange them in proper sequence.
 A. Select and Adjust proper filter.
 B. Switch ON the instrument.
 C. Replace the Blank with Test solution.
 D. Read the Absorbance of test solution and note it down.
 E. Switch OFF the instrument.
 F. Adjust the colorimeter at 100% T (Zero absorbance) by using Blank Solution.
 (A) A → B → C → D → E → F
 (B) B → A → F → C → D → E
 (C) B → F → D → C → A → E
 (D) C → D → A → B → E → F
- 13 The part which is used to control the amount of light entering in condenser is known as
 (A) Fine adjustment knob
 (B) Iris Diaphragm
 (C) Sub stage Condenser
 (D) Coarse adjustment knob
- 14 Following which objective lens is known as Oil Immersion lens?
 (A) 4X
 (B) 100X
 (C) 45X
 (D) 10X
- 15 Under compound microscope, light source is ON but image is observed very dark. This problem may be solved by
 (A) Cleaning the eyepiece
 (B) Putting a drop of oil on slide
 (C) Adjusting the iris diaphragm
 (D) Moving the stage downwards
- 16 Following is NOT component of pH meter.
 (A) Reference Electrode
 (B) Glass Electrode
 (C) Volt meter
 (D) Wavelength selector

- 17 Give the full form of : OD
(A) Optical Derivative
(B) Optical Density
(C) Optical Diversity
(D) Organic Densitometry
- 18 For care and maintenance of microscope, which should NOT follow?
(A) Remove eyepiece and objective after use
(B) Cover the microscope when not in use
(C) Clean the oil from the lens after use
(D) Prevent the lens from dust
- 19 While using oil immersion lens, the lens must
(A) Have 0.5 mm distance from oil surface
(B) Touch oil surface
(C) Not be in contact with oil surface
(D) Be very far from oil surface
- 20 Expand the term: RCF
(A) Rational Centrifugal Force
(B) Radial Centrifugal Force
(C) Relative Centrifugal Force
(D) Revolution Centrifugal Force
- 21 If lens fails to focus all colors to the same convergence point, this type of aberration is known as
(A) Distortion aberration
(B) Lateral Color aberration
(C) Chromatic aberration
(D) Astigmatism
- 22 Color intensity of solution of the solution can be measured by
(A) Colorimeter
(B) Calorimeter
(C) Intensionometer
(D) pH Meter
- 23 As per Lambert's Law, when _____ light is passed through color solution, amount of light decreases exponentially with thickness of solution.
(A) Heterochromatic
(B) Dichromatic
(C) Polychromatic
(D) Monochromatic

- 24 Arrange light path in Bright field microscopy.
- A. Objective Lens
 - B. Occular lens
 - C. Specimen
 - D. Condenser Lens
- (A) B → D → C → A
(B) A → B → C → D
(C) B → A → C → D
(D) D → C → A → B
- 25 Why organic solvents should not used to clean the immersion oil from the lens?
- (A) It causes lens reflection
 - (B) It dissolve cement holding the lens
 - (C) Organic solvents are very costly
 - (D) It makes image hazy
- 26 pH of the Solution-B is 7.0 (Neutral). To make its pH 2, what should be added to Solution-B?
- (A) 1 N NaOH
 - (B) 1 N NaCl
 - (C) 1 N KCl
 - (D) 1 N HCl
- 27 For the maintenance of Colorimeter, which step(s) should be followed?
- (A) Do not switch ON the instrument during electrical fluctuation.
 - (B) Calibrate the instrument Regularly
 - (C) All of these
 - (D) Put OFF the main switch, when instrument is not in use.
- 28 Production of _____ can be carried out by Water distillation apparatus.
- (A) Mineral Water
 - (B) Distilled Water
 - (C) Hard water
 - (D) Sterile Water
- 29 pH meter is used to measure
- (A) Intensity of Hydrogen ion in solution
 - (B) Concentration of Hydrogen ion in solution
 - (C) Density of Hydrogen ion in solution
 - (D) Quality of Hydrogen ion in solution
- 30 pH of the Solution-A is 3.19, then Solution-A is _____.
- (A) Alkaline
 - (B) Neutral
 - (C) None of these
 - (D) Acidic

- 31 What is "Limit of Resolution" with reference to light microscopy?
- (A) 0.2 mm
 - (B) 0.2 nm
 - (C) 0.2 cm
 - (D) 0.2 μm
- 32 In colorimeter, absorption of sample is measured in which sample holder?
- (A) Pipette
 - (B) Micro pipette
 - (C) Burette
 - (D) Cuvette
- 33 To maintain the pH meter, which step should NOT follow?
- (A) Keep the Electrode Dry
 - (B) Wash the electrode with dist. water after and before use
 - (C) Scratches should not be formed on electrode
 - (D) Calibration should checked regularly
- 34 Which three solutions are widely used for the calibration of pH meter?
- (A) Standard Solutions of pH 3, 8, 14
 - (B) Standard Solutions of pH 1, 7, 14
 - (C) Standard Solutions of pH 1, 4, 12
 - (D) Standard Solutions of pH 7, 4, 9.2
- 35 Which following type of Filter is used in Colorimeter to get monochromatic light?
- (A) Membrane Filter
 - (B) Cellulose Acetate Filter
 - (C) None of these
 - (D) Glass Filter

- 36 Centrifuge accelerate the sedimentation process by using _____.
- (A) Horizontal force
 - (B) Relative force
 - (C) Centrifugal force
 - (D) Magnetic force
- 37 Which component is used to control the speed in centrifuge?
- (A) Tachometer
 - (B) Lid
 - (C) Rotor
 - (D) Rheostat
- 38 The objective lens magnifies the specimen and produce the image, this image is known as
- (A) Resolved Image
 - (B) Virtual Image
 - (C) High quality image
 - (D) Real Image
- 39 How %T (Transmittance) can be converted to Absorbance (A)?
- (A) $A = 2 + \%T$
 - (B) $A = 2 \times \%T$
 - (C) $A = 2 / \%T$
 - (D) $A = 2 - \%T$
- 40 Total Resolution of Microscope ($d_{\text{microscope}}$) can be calculated by using
- (A)
$$\frac{0.5 \lambda}{NA_{\text{objective}} + NA_{\text{condensor}}}$$
 - (B)
$$\frac{\lambda}{NA_{\text{objective}} + NA_{\text{eyepiece}}}$$
 - (C)
$$\frac{\lambda}{NA_{\text{objective}} + NA_{\text{condensor}}}$$
 - (D)
$$\frac{0.5 \lambda}{NA_{\text{objective}} + NA_{\text{eyepiece}}}$$

- 41 Which is the main component of Centrifuge?
 (A) Tachometer
 (B) Voltmeter
 (C) Ivory Scale
 (D) Phototube
- 42 In Ultracentrifuge, maximum RCF can be achieved up to _____.
 (A) 12,000 X g
 (B) 3,000 X g
 (C) 25,000 X g
 (D) 1,00,000 X g
- 43 To maintain centrifuge, following should be avoided
 (A) Labeling of the centrifuge tube
 (B) To stop the centrifuge by hand while rotor is still rotating
 (C) Closing of the lid
 (D) Balancing of the centrifuge tubes
- 44 Following which operation can be carried out by Centrifuge?
 (A) Separation of Plasma or Serum from RBC
 (B) Separation of Sediment in Urine and Separation of Plasma or Serum from RBC both
 (C) None of these
 (D) Separation of Sediment in Urine
- 45 Which is the component of Electronic Balance?
 (A) Leveling screw
 (B) Null Detector
 (C) Phototube
 (D) Ivory Scale
- 46 The light source in Colorimeter is generating _____ light.
 (A) Monochromatic
 (B) Infra Red
 (C) Ultra Violet
 (D) Polychromatic
- 47 If the ocular of a microscope is 10X and the objective is set at 100X, then what is the total magnification of the microscope?
 (A) 100 X (B) 450 X
 (C) 10 X (D) 1000 X
- 48 In Fixed angle rotor, the tubes are positioned at _____ to the vertical axes.
 (A) 90° (B) 180°
 (C) 210° (D) 25° to 40°
- 49 Water Bath is utilized to carry out a chemical reaction at specific _____.
 (A) Pressure (B) pH
 (C) Rotation (D) Temperature
- 50 RPM of the centrifuge can be calibrated by using
 (A) Speedometer
 (B) RPM calibrator
 (C) Tachometer
 (D) Revolutionometer