DF-2981-2982
Second Year B. Sc. (Sem. III) Examination
March/April – 2016
Foundation Course in English
2981 - Language Through Literature
2982 - Written & Spoken Communication

Time : 2 Hours] [Total Marks : 50

2981 - Language Through Literature

Instructions :

(1) Fill up strictly the details of ☐ signs on your answer book.
Name of the Examination :
SECOND YEAR B. Sc. (SEM. 3)
Name of the Subject :
Foundation Course in English
Subject Code No. : 2 9 8 1 ☐ Section No. (1, 2,...) ☐ Nil

(2) This exam contains 50 multiple choice questions, each carries 1 mark.
(3) Choose any ONE most appropriate answer per question.
(4) Do not crease or fold the answer sheet.

OMR Sheet करणे अनेक अवधी सुरुवातो आपेक्ष
OMR Sheet-वी पालेला अपेक्ष नि
Important instructions to fill up O.M.R. Sheet
are given on back side of the provided O.M.R. Sheet.

DF-2981-2982_A ] 1 [ Contd...
1. Whom would you find at Rosemary’s parties?
   (A) authors
   (B) businessmen
   (C) actors
   (D) artists

2. When Rosemary meets a poor girl in a street, she thinks that it is the same meeting she has read in the novel of _______.
   (A) Stephen Leacock
   (B) Leo Tolstoy
   (C) Ruskin Bond
   (D) Dostoevsky

3. Where would Rosemary buy flowers from?
   (A) Paris
   (B) Bond Street
   (C) Regent Street
   (D) Curzon Street

4. Why does Rosemary utter the word ‘There’ repeatedly?
   (A) because she is surprised by the poor girl.
   (B) because she is angry.
   (C) because she has given money to the poor girl.
   (D) because she shows her feeling of triumph.

5. What does Philip say about the girl?
   (A) that she is beautiful
   (B) that she is ugly
   (C) that he knows her
   (D) that he will give her a job

6. What does Rosemary do with the girl in the end?
   (A) She gives her money and makes her leave
   (B) She adopts her
   (C) She gives her a job
   (D) She forgets about her

7. What is the meaning of ‘languid’?
   (A) weak or faint from tiredness
   (B) small
   (C) horrible
   (D) narrow minded
8 The antonym of ‘antique’ is
   (A) exotic
   (B) old
   (C) modern
   (D) expensive

9 Why was the writer’s friend looking for a wife?
   (A) because he was widowed
   (B) because he was divorced
   (C) because he was never been married
   (D) because he was a child to take care of

10 Who is supposed to take care of medical appointments?
   (A) The wife
   (B) The writer
   (C) The doctor
   (D) The husband

11 What is the meaning of ‘muddle’?
   (A) confuse
   (B) refuse
   (C) accuse
   (D) diffuse

12 What happens if the children fall sick?
   (A) The husband takes time off from classes to take care of them.
   (B) The husband and wife share the responsibilities of caregiving.
   (C) The wife is supposed to balance work and childcare.
   (D) The wife is supposed to send the children to the hospital.

13 The essay ‘Why I Want a Wife’ ends in a/an……
   (A) analogy
   (B) understatement
   (C) rhetorical question
   (D) anticlimax

14 The speaker wants the wife to be a/an _____ cook.
   (A) okay
   (B) average
   (C) good
   (D) adequate
A wife is expected not to…….
(A) complain about her duties.
(B) spend too much time doing housework.
(C) be responsible for birth control.
(D) be monogamous.

The essay ‘Why I Want a Wife’ is an example of
(A) Modernism
(B) Feminism
(C) Humanism
(D) Postmodernism

Where are the children supposed to be when guests come home for dinner?
(A) In bed, and out of sight
(B) At the dining table, with the adults
(C) Outside, with their nanny
(D) In the kitchen, helping their mother

What does the author imply about fidelity in marriages?
(A) Fidelity is overrated
(B) Both parties need to be faithful to each other
(C) The woman must remain faithful
(D) The man must not remain faithful

Experiments with diet became an important part of Gandhi’s life on account of the fact that
(A) Vegetarianism was an obsession with him
(B) His faith in vegetarianism was growing day by day
(C) He was a crank
(D) He was reading books on vegetarianism

The synonym of ‘forego’ is
(A) relinquish
(B) proceed
(C) exit
(D) claim
21 How did Gandhi's friend behave with him in the restaurant?
(A) He was very tolerant and catered to Gandhi's whims
(B) He was very impatient and chided Gandhi on his whims
(C) He showed the utmost respect for Gandhi's beliefs
(D) He ordered Gandhi to eat what was available at the restaurant

22 Gandhi undertook lessons in dancing, French and elocation in order to......
(A) please his friend
(B) forget what he had learnt in India
(C) become more of an English gentleman
(D) win laurels

23 What was the primary purpose of Gandhi's stay in Britain?
(A) to get away from his family in India
(B) to become a good violinist and a good speaker
(C) to become a polished gentleman
(D) to become a lawyer

24 How did Gandhi extricate himself from the elocation classes?
(A) by writing a note of resignation
(B) by writing a letter to the elocation teacher, requesting to be excused from further lessons
(C) by visiting the elocation teacher personally and explaining his position
(D) by requesting his friend to explain his position to the teacher

25 Gandhi's infatuation with his change lasted him........
(A) for a few days (B) for about three months
(C) for several years (D) for the rest of his life

26 What did Gandhi do to refine his appreciation of music?
(A) He took dancing lessons (B) He took violin lessons
(C) He took elocation lessons (D) He took French lessons

27 Gandhi sat ______ the table with his friend
(A) upon (B) at
(C) in (D) on

28 What did the narrator do when waiting for the photographer to take his picture?
(A) He adjusted his appearance
(B) He read magazines
(C) He looked around the studio
(D) He sat quietly without doing anything

29 At what moment did the photographer take the picture?
(A) when the narrator was about to speak
(B) when the narrator was about to move from the stool
(C) when the narrator was about to leave the studio
(D) when the narrator was about to close his mouth

30 What did the photographer say when the narrator asked to see the picture?
(A) He asked him to come the next day
(B) He asked him to wait till it was developed
(C) He asked him for pay for the picture
(D) He asked him to leave
31 Why did the narrator return to the studio on Saturday?
   (A) to re-take the photograph  
   (B) to see the proof of the photograph  
   (C) to retouch the photograph  
   (D) to develop the negative of the photograph

32 What had the photographer done to the picture?
   (A) He altered the narrator’s ears  
   (B) He gilded the photograph  
   (C) He changed the narrator’s features  
   (D) He retouched it as per the narrator’s request

33 How did the narrator react to the picture shown to him?
   (A) with uncertainty  
   (B) with enthusiasm  
   (C) with sadness  
   (D) with surprise

34 The antonym of ‘contract’ is
   (A) open  
   (B) close  
   (C) expand  
   (D) shut

35 What does the inn offer in the poem ‘Up-hill’?
   (A) security and darkness  
   (B) labour and comfort  
   (C) rest and labour  
   (D) comfort and security

36 Who is the author of the lesson ‘With the Photographer’?
   (A) Stephen Leacock  
   (B) Katherine Mansfield  
   (C) Judy Brady  
   (D) M. K. Gandhi

37 What is the verb of ‘action’?
   (A) act  
   (B) active  
   (C) actual  
   (D) actually

38 In the poem ‘Up-hill’, who are the wayfarers ‘who have gone before’?
   (A) the unborn  
   (B) the living  
   (C) the dead  
   (D) travel companions

39 The poem ‘Up-hill’ provides _______ to the faithful.
   (A) rest and reward  
   (B) despair and reassurance  
   (C) strength and rest  
   (D) hope and reassurance

40 We visited the school founded _______ Tagore.
   (A) by  
   (B) in  
   (C) on  
   (D) with
41 The meaning of ‘dreary’ is
   (A) strong
   (B) small
   (C) hopeful
   (D) gloomy

42 The adjective of ‘knowledge’ is
   (A) know
   (B) knowledgable
   (C) knowing
   (D) knowledgeability

43 In the poem ‘Where the Mind is Without Fear’, what does the phrase ‘head...held high’ give an impression of?
   (A) pride and fear
   (B) fear and integrity
   (C) fearlessness and pride
   (D) freedom and fear

44 To whom is the poem ‘Where the Mind is Without Fear’ addressed?
   (A) the poet’s father
   (B) the reader
   (C) India
   (D) God

45 The poem ‘Where the Mind is Without Fear’ expresses the poet’s.........
   (A) regret for the past
   (B) record of the present
   (C) hope for the future
   (D) imaginative fantasies
Which of these wouldn’t be the likely headline for a report in a college magazine?
(A) Student union elections to be held next month
(B) Winners of essay competition declared
(C) Health camp in west block
(D) Minister held for graft

What are official reports also known as?
(A) Investigative reports
(B) Survey reports
(C) Annual reports
(D) Quarterly reports

What kind of attire is suitable to wear for an interview?
(A) Expensive branded clothes
(B) Comfortable, but formal clothes
(C) Comfortable informal clothes
(D) Clothes which help you stand out from others

Which of these would be among the preliminaries in an interview?
(A) ‘Good morning. Please take a seat’
(B) ‘Your CV indicates that you took a break from 2008 to 2013. What were the reasons for this?’
(C) ‘What are some of your problems?’
(D) ‘How much salary would you expect?’

The simple past tense of the sentence ‘The journey takes an entire day.’ is........
(A) The journey took an entire day.
(B) The journey was taking an entire day.
(C) The journey had taken an entire day.
(D) The journey has taken an entire day.
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**O.M.R. Sheet** अंदरूनी अभ्यासांच्या सूचनांच्या आधारे आपल्याकडे असलेल्या O.M.R. Sheet-ली पाचणे अथवा छापणे नसलेले आहे.

Important instructions to fill up O.M.R. Sheet are given on back side of the provided O.M.R. Sheet.
1. After how many years of being a film maker was this piece written?
   (A) 5
   (B) 10
   (C) 15
   (D) 20

2. Who or what is the subject of the poem She Walks in Beauty?
   (A) The flower
   (B) A woman
   (C) The moon
   (D) The personification of an abstract quality

3. What did Nooyi’s early career as a product manager and strategy consultant teach her?
   (A) to think of a problem in micro terms
   (B) to solve a problem in the context of its environment
   (C) to zoom in and out of a problem
   (D) to zoom back to solve the problem

4. What does C.V. Raman refer to as ‘the elixir of life’?
   (A) Soma
   (B) Amrita
   (C) the Nile
   (D) Water

5. Nooyi’s journey to the top of the corporate ladder has been characterized by
   (A) hard work and innovation
   (B) greed and corruption
   (C) perseverance and faith
   (D) ambition and innovation

6. What time of the day is the poem Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening set in?
   (A) night
   (B) evening
   (C) morning
   (D) afternoon

7. What question does the poet ask in the first line of the poem Leisure?
   (A) How are we so busy all the time?
   (B) What is the point of life if we cannot enjoy it?
   (C) How can we waste our time staring out of the window?
   (D) What is the purpose of life?
8 One of the most frequent questions Satyajit Ray was asked during interviews was.....
   (A) where he was born
   (B) how and why he came into films
   (C) why he travelled abroad
   (D) how he came to write books

9 What was the ‘sea of billowing sand’ that Raman saw on his travels?
   (A) the Sahara Desert
   (B) the Valley of the Nile
   (C) the Libyan Desert
   (D) the land of Egypt

10 What does the poet mean when he says She walks in Beauty?
    (A) She walks in a beautiful place
    (B) Her walk is beautiful to look at
    (C) She wears beautiful sandals
    (D) Her personality and her looks are beautiful

11 Where does the speaker stop in the poem Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening?
    (A) between the wood and the farm house
    (B) between the village and the farm house
    (C) between the farm house and the lake
    (D) between the woods and the lake

12 Where does the poet wish to stand in the poem Leisure?
    (A) under the trees
    (B) in the river
    (C) on the mountain
    (D) on the beach

13 How did Ray begin his career?
    (A) as an actor
    (B) as a writer
    (C) as a graphic designer
    (D) as a poet

14 Egypt is the creation of........
    (A) the Nile
    (B) the great flood
    (C) the Valley of the Nile
    (D) life-giving water
15 What happened to PepsiCo’s fast food division?
   (A) It was sold off and became an independent company
   (B) It was merged with the Pepsi Bottling Group
   (C) It was divested by Yum! Brands, Inc.
   (D) It was acquired along with Tropicana, Quaker Oats and Wimm-Bill-Dann

16 What does the poet compare her beauty to in the poem She walks in Beauty?
   (A) a place with a clear skies
   (B) a temperate climate
   (C) a cloudless, starry night
   (D) a tender light from heaven

17 Who is the poet of the poem Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening?
   (A) Lord Byron
   (B) Robert Frost
   (C) W. H. Davies
   (D) S. Joseph

18 What does the poet wish to do like sheep and cows in the poem Leisure?
   (A) stand beneath boughs
   (B) sleep beneath boughs
   (C) gaze meditatively
   (D) graze peacefully

19 In Ray’s opinion, films and advertising are similar fields because........
   (A) they both deal with lighting
   (B) they both utilize music
   (C) they both need a lot of money
   (D) they are both creative fields where artists express themselves aesthetically

20 The tanks found in South India are filled by
   (A) sea water
   (B) water from the Cauvery
   (C) rain water
   (D) artesian water
21. Which of these is the chief indicator of Nooyi’s continuing influence in the corporate world?
   (A) She was made Chairperson of the PepsiCo Board and its Chief Executive Officer.
   (B) She has been awarded many honorary degrees and awards, including the Padmabhushan.
   (C) She is frequently featured in Forbes and Fortune magazine’s list of top businesswomen.
   (D) The USA awarded her American citizenship and appointed her as a Chairperson of the US-India Business Council.

22. Where are the subject’s thoughts reflected in the poem She Walks in Beauty?
   (A) on her face
   (B) in her mind
   (C) in the poet’s imagination
   (D) in a mirror

23. What is the rhyme scheme of the poem Stopping By Woods on a Snowy Evening?
   (A) AABA AABA AABA CCCC
   (B) AABA BBCB CCDC DDDD
   (C) ABAB BCBC CDCD EEEE
   (D) ABCB BBCB ABCB DDDD

24. Who is the ‘he’ the speaker refers to in the first stanza of the poem Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening?
   (A) the owner of the farm house
   (B) the owner of the village
   (C) the owner of the woods
   (D) the owner of the lake

25. What does the poet imagine doing when passing through wood in the poem Leisure?
   (A) watch squirrels
   (B) watch sheep or cows
   (C) watch streams of water
   (D) watch the skies at night
26. How does Ray refer to cinema?
   (A) the highest form of commercial art
   (B) a fool’s errand
   (C) art for the people, by the people
   (D) art for art’s sake

27. Rain-fed tanks are responsible for the cultivation of which crop in Mysore?
   (A) wheat
   (B) jowar
   (C) corn
   (D) rice

28. What fact validated Nooyi’s restructuring of the company?
   (A) The company’s revenues have more than doubled in spite of a decline in its net profit.
   (B) The company’s revenues have risen steadily along with a rise in its production.
   (C) The company’s revenue rose despite a worldwide decline in the demand for sugary drinks.
   (D) The company’s revenues have mirrored the global slowdown in the consumption of sugary drinks.

29. What contrasting set of imagery is prominently featured in She Walks in Beauty?
   (A) beauty and ugliness
   (B) light and darkness
   (C) goodness and evil
   (D) innocence and experience

30. Why does the speaker stop near the woods in the poem Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening?
   (A) to rest from his journey
   (B) to look for a farm house
   (C) to feed his horse
   (D) to watch the snowfall
31 What do the squirrels in the woods do?
   (A) hide themselves from humans
   (B) hide nuts in the grass
   (C) dance in the woods
   (D) stand and stare

32 Where did Ray shoot Pather Panchali?
   (A) in the pristine backwaters of Kerala
   (B) in the dense mangroves of the Sunderbans
   (C) in the unglamorous backwoods of a Bengali village
   (D) in a dilapidated mansion in Calcutta

33 Raman won the Nobel Prize for research in the field of __________.
   (A) optics          (B) acoustics
   (C) harmonics      (D) water

34 What advice does Nooyi have for others who wish to succeed like her?
   (A) volunteer for difficult assignment
   (B) do an easy job well
   (C) challenge yourself by raising your hand
   (D) become a trusted leader

35 How does the poet describe her hair in the poem She Walks in Beauty?
   (A) long and wavy
   (B) black as a raven
   (C) curly and golden
   (D) black like the night

36 What does the speaker do when passing by the woods?
   (A) He feeds his horse
   (B) He gives his harness bells a shake
   (C) He pauses his journey
   (D) He stops at a farm house

37 What does the poet mean by the phrase ‘streams full of stars’?
   (A) a stream made of stars
   (B) a stream of small lights floating on the water
   (C) a stream whose waters reflect the light of the sun
   (D) the Milky Way galaxy

38 What was the name of Ray’s first film?
   (A) Apur Sansar          (B) Ghare Baire
   (C) Charulata            (D) Pather Panchali

39 What remains in the water after the heavier particles of soil have settled?
   (A) pebbles
   (B) salt
   (C) fine particles of sand
   (D) nothing

40 Which of Indra Nooyi’s qualities does the essay encourage the reader to emulate?
   (A) her dedication to personal growth
   (B) her dedication to work and family
   (C) her close bond with her daughters
   (D) her ambition and determination
41. What is the purpose of a letter of enquiry?
   (A) to find out if there are opportunities for business collaboration
   (B) to ask for information about a business organization
   (C) to ask for a catalogue or a price list
   (D) all of these

42. Which of the following is not a feature of a good business letter?
   (A) precise
   (B) abrupt
   (C) formal
   (D) courteous

43. What is the ‘letter of order’?
   (A) a letter enquiring about a certain product
   (B) a letter commanding a certain mode of action
   (C) a letter providing receipt for an order
   (D) a letter initiating the purchase of a product

44. Which of these sources are not employed by business to provide information about their products?
   (A) catalogues
   (B) advertisements
   (C) mail order forms
   (D) word-of-mouth

45. Notices are always displayed in...........
   (A) public places
   (B) secluded places
   (C) crowded places
   (D) private places

46. A ______ is a planned programme of a meeting.
   (A) notice
   (B) minutes
   (C) agenda
   (D) report

47. Who is responsible for the preparation of an agenda?
   (A) Chairperson
   (B) Treasurer
   (C) President
   (D) Secretary

48. The formal report of the work accomplished during a meeting is called__________.
   (A) minutes
   (B) agenda
   (C) report
   (D) notice

49. Which of these is an important part of a notice?
   (A) Pictures
   (B) Font size
   (C) Heading
   (D) Prizes

50. Rs. 10,000 a month ______ a good salary for a beginner.
   (A) is
   (B) were
   (C) are
   (D) will