

(i) Powers and functions of the Veer Narmad South Gujarat University as per as per the Veer Narmad South Gujarat University Act, 1965

Incorporation of the University

Section

3. (1) The Chancellor, the first Vice - Chancellor of the University and the first members of the Senate, the Syndicate and the Academic Council of the University and all persons who may hereafter become such officers or members, so long as they continue to hold such office or membership, are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of *The Veer Narmad South Gujarat University*¹.
- (2) The University shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, and may sue and be sued by the said name.
- (3) The University shall be competent to acquire and hold property, both movable or immovable, to lease, sell or otherwise transfer any movable or immovable property which may vest in or be acquired by it for the purposes of the University, to raise loans on the securities of its assets and to contract and do all other things necessary for the purpose of this Act :
Provided that the power to raise any such loan shall be exercised after obtaining previous permission of the State Government.

Powers of University

Section

4. Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by or under the provisions of this Act, the University shall have the following powers, namely:-
- (1) to provide for instruction, teaching and training in such branches of learning and courses of study as it may think fit, and to make provision for research, advancement and dissemination of knowledge.
- (2) to make such provision as would enable affiliated colleges, recognised institutions and approved institutions to undertake specialisation of studies;
- (3) to organise common laboratories, libraries, museums and other equipment for teaching and research;
- (4) to establish, take over, maintain and manage colleges, departments, centres and institutes of research or specialised studies;
- (5) to institute professorships, readerships, lectureships and any other posts of teachers required by the University;
- (6) to appoint or recognise persons as professors, readers, or lecturers or otherwise as teachers of the University;
- (7) to lay down the courses of instruction for the various examinations;
- (8) to guide teaching and research work in colleges, University departments, University centres or recognised institutions;
- (9) to institute degrees, diplomas and other academic distinctions;
- (10) to hold examinations and to confer degrees, diplomas and other academic distinctions on persons who —
- (a) have pursued approved courses of study in the University or in an affiliated college unless exempted there from, in the manner prescribed by the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules and have passed the examinations prescribed by the University, or
- (b) have carried on research under conditions prescribed by the Ordinances, Regulations or Rules;

- (11) to confer honorary degrees or other academic distinctions in the manner laid down by the Statutes;
- (12) to grant such diplomas to, and to provide such lectures, instruction and training for, persons who are not enrolled students of the University as may be determined by the Statutes, Ordinances, Regulations and Rules;
- (13) to admit educational institutions to the privileges of the University and to withdraw such privileges;
- (14) to inspect colleges, recognised institutions and approved institutions, and to take measures to ensure that proper standards of instruction, teaching or training are maintained in them and that adequate library and laboratory provisions are made therein;
- (15) to control and co - ordinate the activities of, and to give financial aid to, affiliated colleges, approved institutions and recognised institutions and to regulate the fees to be paid by the students in such colleges;
- (16) to hold and manage trusts and endowments and to institute and award fellowships, travelling fellowships, scholarships, studentships, exhibitions, medals and prizes;
- (17) to make special provision for the spread of University education among classes and communities which are educationally backward;
- (18) to lay down courses of study to meet the requirements of rural planning, development and reconstruction and to provide for instruction, teaching and training in such courses;
- (19) to make special provision for disseminating knowledge and promoting arts and culture;
- (20) to fix, to demand and to receive or recover such fees and other charges as may be prescribed by the Ordinances;
- (21) to establish, maintain and manage hostels;
- (22) to recognise hostels not maintained by the University, to inspect such hostels and to withdraw recognition therefrom;
- (23) to co-ordinate, supervise, regulate and control residence, conduct and discipline of the students of the University and to make arrangements for promoting their health and general welfare;
- (24) to co-ordinate, supervise, regulate and control the conduct of undergraduate teaching and of post - graduate and other research work and teaching in the affiliated colleges, and the institutions recognised or approved by the University;
- (25) to institute and manage —
 - (a) Printing and Publication Department;
 - (b) University Extension Boards;
 - (c) Information Bureau; and
 - (d) Employment Bureau.
- (26) to make provision —
 - (a) for extra - mural teaching and other recognised activities;
 - (b) for physical education, National Cadet Corps and military training;
 - (c) for students' unions; and
 - (d) for sports and athletic activities.
- (27) to co - operate with other Universities and authorities in such manner and for such purposes as the University may determine;
- (28) to promote the development of the study of Gujarati and Hindi in Devnagari script and

the use of Gujarati or Hindi in Devnagari script or both as a medium of instruction and examination;

- (29) to make arrangements for training for competitive examinations for recruitment to the services under the Union and State Governments;
- (30) to do all such acts and things whether incidental to the powers aforesaid or not as may be requisite in order to further the objects of the University and generally to cultivate and promote Arts, Science and other branches of learning and culture.

Jurisdiction and admission privileges

Section

5. (1) No educational institution within the University Area shall, save with the sanction of the State Government and the University, be associated in any way with, or seek admission to any privileges of, any other University established by law.
- (2) Any such privileges enjoyed from the Gujarat University before the date on which this section comes into force by any education institution situate within the University Area shall be deemed to be withdrawn with effect from such date.
- (3) With effect from such date all educational institutions admitted to the privileges of the Gujarat University and situate within the University Area shall be deemed to be admitted to the privileges of the University, and the University shall, as far as may be possible and consistent with this Act, admit such institutions to all such privileges as they had from the Gujarat University immediately before such date.
- (4) Any educational institution in the State of Gujarat situate outside the University Area or in other territories outside the State may, subject to such conditions and restrictions as the University and the State Government think fit to impose, be admitted to the privileges of the University.
- (5) The State Government may, by notification in the *official Gazette*, direct that this Act shall cease to apply to any area included in the University Area and on such date as may be specified in the notification; and on and from the said date all the educational institutions situate within the said area shall cease to be associated with and to enjoy the privileges of the University.

University open to all irrespective of sex, religion, class, creed or opinion.

Section

6. (1) No person shall be excluded from any office of the University or from membership of any of its authorities or from admission to any degree, diploma or other academic distinction or course of study on the sole ground of sex, race, creed, caste, class, place of birth, religious belief or political or other opinion;

Provided that the University may, subject to the previous sanction of the State Government, maintain, affiliate or recognise any college or institution exclusively for women, or reserve for women or members of classes and communities which are educationally backward, seats for the purposes of admission as students in any institution maintained by the University.
- (2) It shall not be lawful for the University to impose on any person any test whatsoever relating to sex, race, creed, caste, class, place of birth, religious belief or profession of political or other opinion in order to entitle him to be admitted as a teacher or a student or to hold any office or post in the University or to qualify for any degree, diploma or other academic distinction or to enjoy or exercise any privileges of the University or any benefaction thereof.